



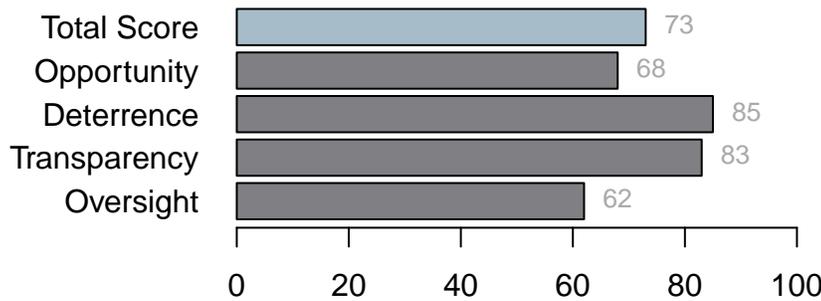
# Republic of the Congo (Brazzaville)

**Overall Risk Score: 73**

**Risk Level: high**

This score is a composite of the four domain scores discussed below, which are weighted and combined to produce the overall country risk score. Each country is given a score from 1 to 100 for each domain and for the total bribery risk. A higher score indicates a higher risk of business bribery. Assessments of whether a given domain score is “good” or “poor” are made relative to all other jurisdictions within that domain.

- Business Interactions with Government:** The Republic of the Congo (Brazzaville) receives a poor score of 68 in this domain, based on a high degree of government interaction, a high expectation of bribes, and a high regulatory burden.
- Anti-bribery Deterrence and Enforcement:** The Republic of the Congo (Brazzaville) receives a very poor score of 85 in this domain, based on a very low quality of anti-bribery dissuasion and a low quality of anti-bribery enforcement.
- Government and Civil Service Transparency:** The Republic of the Congo (Brazzaville) receives a poor score of 83 in this domain, based on poor governmental transparency and poor transparency of financial interests.
- Capacity for Civil Society Oversight:** The Republic of the Congo (Brazzaville) receives a poor score of 62 in this domain, based on a low degree of media freedom/quality and a low degree of civil society engagement.



## TRACE Bribery Risk Typology:

### Fragile authoritarian state with oil

This group is characterized by unstable, oil-rich states with lack of anti-bribery enforcement, ruled by quasi-authoritarian leaders.

Comparable Jurisdictions	Matrix Scores
Angola	68
Chad	75
Venezuela	81

Learn more about the TRACE Bribery Risk Matrix and Bribery Risk Typology at [matrixbrowser.TRACEinternational.org](https://matrixbrowser.TRACEinternational.org)